



**A clinical research trial of a new intervention
for brittle bone disease**

**Participant information
Postnatal (after birth)
Trial Group**

Participant information for the BOOSTB4 clinical trial

You have recently been informed that your child may have brittle bone disease (Osteogenesis Imperfecta, OI). We understand that this is a difficult situation for you.

We are conducting a clinical trial with the aim to improve the health of children with OI. The intervention will start before, or soon after, birth. This is why you have been given this information. You can read more about the trial below. If you decide you do not want your child to take part in the trial, we would still like to collect information about your child, with your agreement. If you have any further questions about OI or about the trial, please ask your doctor.

Important things you need to know

- Please take time to read the following information carefully. Discuss it with your partner, relatives and friends if you wish. Take time to decide whether or not you wish for your child to take part.
- You are free to decide whether or not your child takes part in this research trial. If you choose not to, this will not affect the care your child receives from your doctors in any way.
- Your child can stop taking part in the research trial at any time, without giving a reason.
- Ask us if there is anything that is unclear or if you would like more information.
- If you decide to take part you will be asked to sign a consent form. You will get a copy of this information and the consent form to keep.

Summary of the research trial

- We want to find out if stem cell infusions are safe and can improve the health of children with OI, brittle bone disease, without risk to the child.
- The trial is called BOOSTB4 (Boost Brittle Bones Before Birth).
- Four stem cell infusions will be given to children diagnosed with OI as infusions into the blood.
- The stem cell infusion used in this trial has been given to children before with promising results and without any apparent harm. However, as with all new

treatments, more evidence is needed to show that it is safe and effective.

- This trial will require you to visit the hospital more times than if your child with OI was being looked after in the usual way.

Content

- 1 Why are we doing this trial?
- 2 Why am I being asked for my child to take part?
- 3 What do I need to know about the stem cell infusion used in this trial?
- 4 What will I need to do if my child takes part?
- 5 What are the possible risks of taking part?
- 6 What are the possible benefits of taking part?
- 7 What are the disadvantages of taking part?
- 8 More information about taking part

How to contact us

If you want further information about the BOOSTB4 trial, contact a trial doctor:

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You are also welcome to contact the coordinator for the trial:

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More information is also available on our website: www.boostb4.eu

1 Why are we doing this clinical trial?

What is OI?

Osteogenesis Imperfecta (OI), or brittle bone disease, is a condition where collagen, the protein that is responsible for bone structure, is low or of poor quality. The minerals in the bone are therefore not supported, making the bone weak and in turn making it fracture easily.

There are four main types of OI:

Type 1 is often mild and usually not diagnosed until later in childhood.

Type 2 is very severe and means that babies unfortunately do not survive. It is detectable in the womb on ultrasound.

Type 3 and the severe forms of Type 4 are possible to detect whilst the baby is in the womb, or shortly after birth. These types of OI result in numerous fractures, stunted growth and pain.

In order to know for certain that a person has OI, a DNA test must be performed. This can be carried out on a blood sample.

If you want to know more about OI, please talk to the doctor who is treating your child.

How is OI usually treated today?

There is no cure for OI, but there are some treatments that can help reduce the symptoms of pain, fractures and bone deformation.

The main treatment is a drug called bisphosphonate, which prevents loss of bone mass by improving the imbalance between bone loss and formation which occurs in OI, thus it strengthens the bone by increasing bone density. The bone will however still fracture more easily than normal bone. Children with moderate to severe OI are normally given bisphosphonate infusions regularly.

Fractures are treated according to the advice from the orthopaedic doctors. Sometimes metal rods are inserted inside the larger bones.

If you take part in the trial, all of these current treatments will be offered as usual.

What are we trying to find out?

Stem cell infusion with cells that have the potential to make bone is a possible new treatment for OI.

The main thing we want to confirm in this trial is whether stem cell infusion is safe to use in children with OI.

We also want to evaluate if the stem cell infusion improves the health of children with OI. Specifically we want to investigate if the number of fractures and chronic pain can be reduced and growth can be improved.

If this study is successful we aim to develop the stem cell infusion as a future clinical treatment for OI

2 Why am I being asked for my child to take part?

You are being asked if you would like your child to take part in the BOOSTB4 (Boost Brittle Bones Before Birth) trial because your child may have OI type 3 or severe type 4.

3 What do I need to know about the stem cell infusions in this trial?

What are stem cells?

The human body is made up of many different kinds of cells such as muscle cells, nerve cells and bone cells. Stem cells are primitive cells that can develop into these different specialized cell types.

There are several different types of stem cells. 'Mesenchymal stem cells' are the specific type of stem cells used in the BOOSTB4 trial as they can become cells that make bone, cartilage

and muscle. Mesenchymal stem cells are special because data so far show they do not cause immune reactions and they are very unlikely to lead to the development of cancer.

The stem cells for the BOOSTB4 trial are prepared from fetal tissues obtained during legal terminations of pregnancy performed before 12 weeks' of pregnancy in Sweden. Women undergoing the terminations have given their approval that the stem cells can be used in this trial. Research has shown that fetal stem cells are able to form bone better than stem cells from adults. We also believe that giving fetal stem cells to a young child can give a better clinical result, compared to if adult cells are given.

We believe that if we give these stem cells to a child with faulty bone making cells, the stem cells may travel to their bone and become new bone producing cells. These may make healthy collagen which can support the damaged bone and help to develop more normal new bone.

What has previously been done?

More than 15 years ago, a trial was performed in the USA where six children were treated after birth with two infusions of adult mesenchymal stem cells. One treatable allergic reaction (hives) was observed after one of the 12 infusions. No other side effects were noted. The children did well with improved growth and reduced number of fractures.

Researchers within the BOOSTB4 consortium have previously given fetal mesenchymal stem cells to four children with OI. The children received an infusion of the stem cells after they were born or as an unborn baby while they were in the womb. The children have received further booster doses of the same stem cells after birth. Clinically, they did well after the stem cell infusions, growing better and having fewer fractures and less pain than would have been expected. Looking through a microscope at bone samples, we could see that the stem cells had engrafted (settled) into the bone and become bone producing cells. By 2018 the treated children were between 3 and 16 years

old. No side effects have been detected so far. However, the number of children treated so far in the world is only ten.

Studies in animals suggest that stem cells given early in life reduce the number of fractures and help bones become stronger. We therefore believe that an early intervention could lead to better results.

Will everyone receive the stem cells?

All patients who are eligible and want to participate will receive stem cells. There will be two different trial groups who receive the stem cell infusion in this trial. The study does not have a placebo group (inactive medicine) and there will be no randomisation.

The postnatal trial group is made up of infants, like your child, who have been diagnosed with OI and who will receive infusions after birth. In this group, four infusions of the stem cells will be given every four months starting any time after birth and 18 months of age. Six and twelve months after the last infusion there will be a follow-up and the last blood samples taken from your child for the trial. After this, your child will then see his/her OI Specialist doctor every year for up to 10 years after the first infusion, as he/she would normally do.

The prenatal trial group consists of pregnant women who have an unborn baby with a diagnosis of OI. The first dose of stem cells is given before birth and three further stem cell infusions into the child's blood will be given four months apart after birth.

We will also compare babies and children who receive the stem cell infusions with children with OI who have not had stem cell infusions.

Which group will I be in?

If your child is eligible to take part in the trial, we would like to include your child in the postnatal trial group, with four stem cell infusions given in early childhood.

If you however decide not to take part in the stem cell trial but you are happy for us to

collect information about your child, we would like to include your child in the comparison non-infusion group (BOOSTB4 Prospective Study). This group will receive the routine treatments.

4 What will we need to do if my child takes part?

Can my child take part?

Not everyone will be able to take part in this research trial. We need to perform an assessment first to see whether your child is eligible.

On your initial visit to a BOOSTB4 centre we will ask you to sign a consent form for screening. This will give us permission to check your child's medical records.

We will also need to examine your child and carry out some low dose X-rays, if these have not already been done. If you haven't already received a definite diagnosis, we will need to take some blood samples from you (mother and father) and your child. Together these will be used to confirm that your child has OI type 3 or severe type 4.

When we have the results of these screening investigations we will be able to let you know if your child meets the eligibility criteria and can take part in the trial.

What if the tests show my child can take part?

Once we know your child is eligible to take part we will arrange a meeting with a paediatrician who looks after children with OI. They will be able to let you know about the practicalities of the infusion process and will be able to answer any questions about OI that you may have.

We will ask you to discuss your decision with a counsellor to check that you do not have any unanswered questions. We would like you to take at least three days to consider your decision before you sign a second consent form. This is to make sure that you do not feel

rushed and that you can ask all the questions you want about the trial.

What will happen to my child during the trial?

Depending on the age at which your child is diagnosed, the infusions will be arranged to start any time after birth and 18 months of age. Your child will have a total of four infusions, each given four months apart. The infusions will be carried out in the hospital and will require one or two overnight stays.

A few weeks before each infusion your child will need to have an antibody blood test to ensure it is safe to give the infusion. This blood test can be performed at your local hospital if it is easier for you and your child.

On the day of the stem cell infusion we will carry out your child's routine OI follow-up appointment. We will ask you questions about how your child has been getting along since we last saw him/her. This involves recording if your child has had any fractures or orthopaedic procedures, along with any medications he/she is taking. We will also perform a clinical assessment of your child's development, growth, limb strength and movement. At a few of these routine appointments, children with OI will have an X-ray of their spine and skull and a scan to assess their bone density (DXA scan). No extra radiological examinations (X-rays and DXA scans) will be performed for the trial.

Your child will have blood tests taken to assess the turnover of their bone. All of these assessments and tests are part of the normal care for children with OI. Before the infusion we will also carry out wellbeing checks and take a blood test to make sure it is safe to go ahead with the infusion. We will have to wait for the result of the blood test before the infusion can be given. If the blood test results are abnormal, or if your child has a fever on the day, the infusion must be rescheduled.

If your child has an intravenous port we will use it to give the stem cell infusion. If your child

does not have one, we will need to put a drip into a vein. The stem cell infusion itself will take around 10-15 minutes. We will monitor your child's wellbeing during the infusion and for 1-2 days afterwards and also taking 2-3 blood tests. You should be able to go home 1-2 days after the infusion.

We would like to learn about yours and your child's quality of life and the health resources you use using detailed questionnaires. They will take around an extra 30 and 15 minutes for you to fill in. You could also be invited to participate in an interview. We would like to take a photo of your child each year to show how they are growing and the shape of their arms and legs.

You will be given a diary for recording your child's events (such as achieving motor milestones, starting to walk, growth, first tooth, medications, physiotherapy sessions, fractures, operations etc.).

Six and twelve months after the last infusion we will ask you and your child to attend a follow-up appointment. At the 12-month appointment, the last blood test for the research trial will be taken.

Your doctor will then see your child every year, at least up until 10 years after the first infusion. These appointments will be the routine appointment as described in the paragraph above. The only additional requirement for taking part in this follow-up is filling in the quality of life and health resources questionnaires at each appointment.

If you decide that your child will participate, it is possible that he/she cannot participate in other clinical trials up to 12 months after the last infusion.

Who will be my main contact?

To make sure that you receive the best possible information during the trial you will have close contact with a dedicated team and you can contact us at any given time.

5 What are the possible risks of taking part?

There may be unknown risks that we are not aware of. Below we have listed known and theoretical risks.

Possible risks of the stem cell infusion (the medication itself) to your child

One treatable allergic reaction (hives) has been reported in a child after infusion of mesenchymal stem cells for treatment of OI. None of the following has been observed in the treatment of 10 unborn babies and children.

The risks include:

- Immune reaction
- Blood clots
- Cancer
- Other diseases. We test for bacteria, mycoplasma and viruses such as Hepatitis, HIV, HTLV, CMV, Zika, Parvo- and West Nile virus to make sure the cells are safe to use.

From what we know today, we believe that the risk of these side effects is very low.

Possible risks of imaging methods (X-rays and DEXA scans) to your child

The radiological examinations involved in this study are part of your child's routine care. If your child take part in this study he/she will not undergo any additional radiological examinations. These procedures use ionising radiation to form images of the body and provide the doctor with other clinical information. Ionising radiation can cause cell damage that may, after many years or decades, turn cancerous. The chances of this happening to your child are the same whether they take part in this study or not.

If you have any concerns at all, please tell the trial staff as soon as possible. We want to hear from you.

6 What are the possible benefits of taking part?

Our goal is that your child will be helped by having the stem cell infusions, but this cannot be guaranteed. We hope that:

- Your child will have fewer fractures
- Your child will have less chronic pain
- Your child's height will be improved

All children taking part in the trial will receive four doses of the stem cell infusion. If the outcome of the trial is that stem cell infusion helps in OI, we may be able to offer further infusions to your child in the future, but we cannot guarantee this.

It is important to remember that the stem cell infusion is not a cure. Your child will still be affected by OI.

The information we get from this trial may also help us to improve treatment for individuals with OI in the future.

7 What are the disadvantages of taking part?

If you decide that your child will participate, it is possible that he/she cannot participate in other clinical trials up to 12 months after the last infusion. Other disadvantages to taking part in this trial are:

Stem cell infusion

Risks of the stem cell infusion are listed in section 5.

Blood samples

If your child does not have an intravenous port, they will need to have a drip put in their veins several times in the trial. The same drip line as for the routine bisphosphonate infusion will be used. Having a drip or blood taken can be painful and can leave a bruise, however in

children we usually numb the skin with topical local anaesthetic cream first, or we give your child general anaesthesia for the time needed to place a drip. Blood samples for your child's routine care will always be prioritised, and samples for the clinical trial will only be collected if acceptable according to hospital guidelines. Routine care and trial specific blood samples will be taken from your child at the six visits.

The total amount of blood that will be taken from your child throughout the duration of the trial is around 10 to 70 mL (between 1 and 5 table spoons).

Time and inconvenience

Visits and infusions will be coordinated to take place at the same occasion as your child's routine OI assessment. Taking part in this trial will place some demands on your time, including:

- The time needed for the screening assessments, including a discussion with a counsellor
- Overnight admission to hospital
- Extra follow-up appointments and telephone calls

8 More information about taking part

Does my child have to take part in the trial?

No, it is up to you to decide whether you wish your child to take part in this research trial.

If you decide not for your child to take part in this trial, your child will receive the standard treatment. Your decision will not affect the standard of care your child receive.

Can my child stop taking part after having joined the trial?

Your child can stop taking part in the trial, or any part of it, at any time and without you

giving a reason. If you withdraw from the research trial after your child has had a stem cell infusion we would like to continue collecting information about your child. We will try to do this through your family doctor to avoid having to contact you directly. This is important so that we can monitor your child's wellbeing and because it helps us to ensure that the results of the research trial are reliable. You can refuse this. Your decision will not affect the care you or your child receive from your doctors in any way.

You can refuse that biological samples are saved. If you have given consent for the samples to be saved, you have the right to take the consent back. The biological samples from you and your child will in that case be destroyed or anonymised. Information already collected from you and your child will however not be destroyed.

If you want to take back a consent, contact the trial doctor (see page 1 for contact information).

What will happen to the information about my child collected during the trial?

If you decide for your child to participate in the trial, we will collect information about your child and his/hers development in a locked database. Only information related to the trial will be collected. The information will be kept so only authorised persons have access to it.

The Karolinska Institutet is responsible for the processing of your personal data. Your contact person for this is the trial coordinator (see page 1 for contact information). The Karolinska Institutet is a government agency and has an obligation to, among other things, comply with the rules for public documents, government archives and public statistics. The Karolinska Institutet will therefore also process the personal data in the ways necessary to be able to comply with applicable legislation.

The information will be coded and then made available (with a code instead of name) to the

researchers who are part of the BOOSTB4 study in the United Kingdom, Germany, the Netherlands and Sweden, as well as national and international authorities and the trial monitors that control the trial's safety. This information may be used in future studies approved by the Ethics Review Board.

The information we collect will be processed in accordance with the EU Data Protection Regulation (2016/679, GDPR), which is available to protect people with regard to the processing of personal data. In accordance with the regulation you have the right to once a year and free of charge request what information that has been recorded about your child and, if necessary, correct any errors. If you want to access the information, contact the trial coordinator (see page 1 for contact information). If you have comments on the Karolinska Institutet's processing of your personal data, you can contact dataskyddsbud@ki.se or +46 8-524 840 00. If you are not satisfied with the response from the Karolinska Institutet, you can contact the Data Inspectorate in Sweden with complaints about the processing of your personal data by the Karolinska Institutet; +46 8-657 61 00, datainspektionen@datainspektionen.se.

The samples taken in the trial are stored coded in a so-called biobank in accordance with the Swedish Biobank Act (2002: 297), which regulates how samples can be stored and used. The biobank's name is the Stockholm Medical Biobank (reg. No. 914). The Karolinska University Hospital is responsible for the biobank.

Samples will be sent to other countries within the EU / EEC for analysis. The code key is stored securely and is only available to authorized persons. The samples may only be used in the manner for which you have given consent. Should there be additional research that is not yet planned, the Ethics Review Board in Sweden will decide whether you should be asked to consent again.

What will happen to the results of the trial?

When the trial is completed, we will publish the results in a medical journal, so that other doctors can see them. You can ask your doctor for a copy of any publication. Your and your child's identity and any personal details will be kept confidential. No named information about either of you will be published in any report of this trial.

Who is organising and funding the trial?

This clinical trial is being run by the BOOSTB4 Consortium, a group of doctors and scientists from across Europe with a special interest in stem cell therapy and OI.

Your doctor is not receiving any money or other payment for asking you to be part of the trial.

The trial has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 681045 and from the Swedish Research Council.

Who has reviewed the trial?

This trial has been approved by competent authorities such as the Ethics Committee and the Medical Products Agency in Sweden. The trial will be conducted in accordance with EU directive 2001/20/EC and the Declaration of Helsinki. Ask your trial doctor if you want to have more information about this.

What if new information becomes available during the course of the trial?

Sometimes during a trial, new information becomes available about the disease or the investigational medicine (the stem cells in the BOOSTB4 study) that is being studied. If this happens, your doctor will tell you about it and discuss with you whether you want your child to continue in the trial.

Your doctor might also suggest that it is in your best interests to stop taking part in the trial.

Your doctor will explain the reasons behind this.

In either case, your doctor will arrange for your child's care to continue outside of the trial.

What happens if the trial stops early?

Very rarely a trial is stopped early. If this happens, the reasons will be explained to you and your doctor will arrange for your child's care to continue outside of the trial.

Insurance

All patients that participate in the study in Sweden are covered by an insurance.

If you have a private medical insurance or require travel insurance, your policy may be affected. You should check this with your insurance provider.

What if something goes wrong for my child?

If you have any concerns about the way you or your child have been approached or treated during the trial, please talk to your trial doctor. If you are still unhappy, or if you wish to complain, please use the regular complaints process for Karolinska University Hospital.

Compensation

No compensation is available for your child's participation in the clinical trial. We are also unable to fund your travel and accommodation costs.

OI Support Group

If you want to find out more about OI you can contact: Osteogenesis Imperfecta Federation Europe (OIFE): www.oife.org

Thank you for taking the time to consider taking part in the BOOSTB4 trial.
